

Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

§ 1421.25

mutual agreement between the producer and the warehouse operator. Costs of such determinations shall not be paid by CCC.

(b) With respect to farm-stored wheat, the basic loan rate shall not be adjusted to reflect the protein content.

§ 1421.25 Loan repayments.

(a) Rice market repayments.

(1) A producer may repay a non-recourse loan for a 1996 through 2002 crop of rice at a rate that is the lesser of:

(i) The loan rate and charges, plus interest determined for a crop; or

(ii) The prevailing world market price, as determined by CCC.

(2) The prevailing world market price for a class of rice shall be determined by the CCC based upon a review of prices at which rice is being sold in world markets and a weighting of such prices through the use of information such as changes in supply and demand of rice, tender offers, credit concessions, barter sales, government-to-government sales, special processing costs for coatings or premixes, and other relevant price indicators, and shall be expressed in U.S. equivalent values f.o.b. vessel, U.S. port of export, per hundredweight as follows:

(i) U.S. grade No. 2, 4 percent broken kernels, long grain milled rice;

(ii) U.S. grade No. 2, 4 percent broken kernels, medium grain milled rice; and

(iii) U.S. grade No. 2, 4 percent broken kernels, short grain milled rice.

(3) Export transactions involving rice and all other related market information will be monitored on a continuous basis for the purposes of paragraph (2). Relevant information may be obtained for this purpose from U.S. Department of Agriculture field reports, international organizations, public or private research entities, international rice brokers, and any other source of reliable information.

(4) The prevailing world market price for a class of rice adjusted to U.S. quality and location (the adjusted world price (AWP)), that is determined in accordance with paragraph (5), shall be applicable to the provisions in this section.

(5) The AWP for each class of rice shall equal the prevailing world mar-

ket price for a class of rice (U.S. equivalent value) as determined in accordance with paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) and adjusted to U.S. quality and location as follows:

(i) The prevailing world market price for a class of rice shall be adjusted to reflect an f.o.b. mill position by deducting from such calculated price an amount that is equal to the estimated national average costs associated with:

(A) The use of bags for the export of U.S. rice, and

(B) The transfer of such rice from a mill location to f.o.b. vessel at the U.S. port of export with such costs including, but not limited to, freight, unloading, wharfage, insurance, inspection, fumigation, stevedoring, interest, banking charges, storage, and administrative costs.

(ii) The price determined in accordance with paragraph (a)(5)(i) shall be adjusted to reflect the market value of the total quantity of whole kernels contained in such milled rice by deducting the world value of broken kernels contained therein, with such value of the broken kernels to be determined by multiplying the quantity of such broken kernels (4% per hundredweight) by the world market value of such broken kernels. The world market value of broken kernels shall be based upon the relationship of whole and broken kernel world prices as estimated from observations of prices at which rice is being sold in world markets.

(iii) The price determined in accordance with (a)(5)(ii) shall be adjusted to reflect the per pound market value of whole kernels by dividing the price by the quantity of whole milled kernels contained in the milled rice (96% per hundredweight).

(iv) The price determined in accordance with paragraph (a)(5)(iii) shall be adjusted to reflect the market value of whole kernels contained in 100 pounds of rough rice by multiplying such price by the estimated national average quantity of whole kernel rice by class obtained from milling 100 pounds of rough rice.

(v) The price determined in accordance with paragraph (a)(5)(iv) shall be adjusted to reflect the total market value of rough rice by:

(A) Adding to such price:

§ 1421.26

(1) The market value of bran contained in the rough rice, computed by multiplying the domestic unit market value of bran by the estimated national average quantity of bran produced in milling 100 pounds of rice; and

(2) The market value of broken kernels contained in the rough rice, computed by multiplying the estimated world market value of broken kernels by the estimated national average quantity of broken kernels produced in milling 100 pounds of rice;

(B) Deducting from such price:

(1) An estimated cost of milling rough rice; and

(2) An estimated cost of transporting rough rice from farm to mill locations.

(vi) The price determined in accordance with paragraph (a)(5)(v) may be adjusted to a whole kernel loan rate basis by deducting the estimated world market value of the total quantity of broken kernels contained in such rice and dividing the resulting value by the estimated national average quantity of milled whole kernels produced in milling 100 pounds of rice.

(6)(i) The adjusted world price for each class for rice, loan rate basis, shall be determined by CCC and shall be announced, to the extent practicable, on or after 3 p.m. eastern time each Tuesday, but may be announced more frequently, as determined by CCC, continuing through the later of:

(A) The last Tuesday of July 2003; or

(B) The last Tuesday of the latest month the 2002-crop rice loans mature.

(ii) In the event that Tuesday is a non-workday, the determination will be made on the next workday, on or after 3 p.m. eastern time.

(iii) The announced prices will be effective upon announcement and will remain in effect for a period as announced by the CCC.

(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, on the day of the announcement of the adjusted world price, between 2 p.m. eastern time and the time of the world price announcement, CCC will not accept repayments of rice loans at a world market price level not previously locked-in, and applications for lock-in of a rice loan repayment rate.

(b) For 1996 through 2002 crops of barley, corn, grain sorghum, oats, wheat,

7 CFR Ch. XIV (1-1-01 Edition)

and oilseeds, a producer may repay a nonrecourse loan at a rate that is the lesser of:

(1) The loan rate and charges, plus interest determined for such crop; or

(2) The alternative repayment rate for barley, corn, grain sorghum, oats, wheat, and oilseeds.

(c) To the extent practicable, CCC shall determine and announce the alternative repayment rate, based upon the previous day's market prices at appropriate U.S. terminal markets as determined by CCC, adjusted to reflect quality and location for each crop of a commodity as follows:

(1) On a weekly basis in each county for oilseeds, except soybeans; and

(2) On a daily basis in each county for barley, corn, grain sorghum, oats, soybeans, and wheat.

§ 1421.26 Transfer of farm-stored loan to warehouse-stored association loan.

Producers may deliver peanuts under a farm-stored loan to the association and obtain loan advances on such peanuts with the prior approval of the county office anytime on or before January 31 following the calendar year in which the crop was grown. Association advances shall be payable jointly to the producer and the CCC and shall be used to settle the farm-stored loan.

§ 1421.27 Producer-handler purchases of additional peanuts pledged as collateral for a loan.

(a) Producer-handlers may, at any time before loan maturity, forfeit their additional peanuts to CCC and immediately repurchase such peanuts from CCC by paying the amount necessary under the following sales policies:

(1) For unrestricted use, at a price determined by CCC but, for the applicable type, not less than 105 percent of the quota loan rate, if purchased before December 31 of the calendar year in which the crop was grown, and at not less than 107 percent of the quota loan rate, if purchased after December 31 of the calendar year in which the crop was grown;

(2) For edible export, at a price determined by CCC but not less than any minimum sales price determined and announced by CCC; and